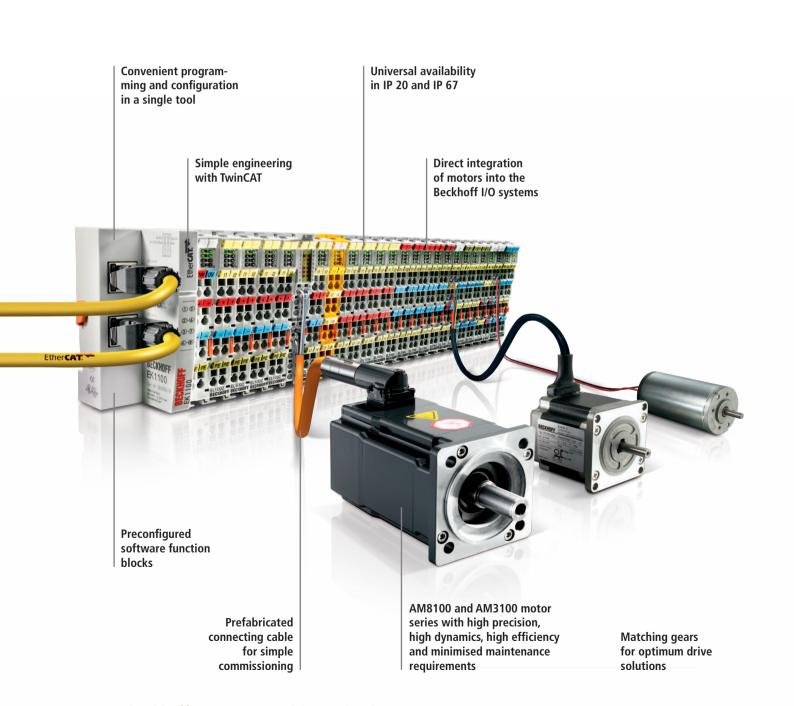
BECKHOFF New Automation Technology

Product Overview | Compact Drive Technology



Compact Drive Technology



www.beckhoff.com/compact-drive-technology

In combination with the wide range of available motors and gears the Beckhoff I/O systems enable the implementation of compact and affordable drive solutions: the modularly expandable motion terminals support servo, stepper and DC motors of different performance classes. For stepper and DC motors EtherCAT Box Modules with IP 67 protection are available for use outside of control cabinets. All compact drive solutions are integrated into the Beckhoff TwinCAT automation software, making parameterisation convenient.

Solutions for less complex motion requirements

High quality servo axes are not required for auxiliary drives such as simple adjustable axes, mobile stops, small conveying movements or simple positioning drives; in fact, stepper or DC motors are entirely adequate.

Motion | AS1000 stepper motors

The AS1000 stepper motors with flange sizes from 42 to 86 mm (NEMA17, NEMA23, NEMA34) and torques from 0.4 to 5 Nm are ideally suited to the simpler tasks mentioned above. They are characterised by robustness and high holding torques. Due to the integrated micro-stepping the motors can position very well even without a feedback system and require only a motion terminal for power electronics. Stepper or DC motors can also be operated with TwinCAT NC PTP for synchronisation functions such as cam plates or flying saws.

I/O | Stepper motor terminals

For stepper motor terminals, I/O components with different performance features are available: Bus Terminal (KL2531, KL2541),

EtherCAT Terminal (EL7031, EL7041) and EtherCAT Box (EP7041). The KL2531 and EL7031 stepper motor terminals are exclusively designed for 24 V DC power supplies. The motor current can reach up to 1.5 A. The KL2541 and EL7041 stepper motor terminals cover a supply voltage range from 8 to 50 V DC and additionally require a 24 V supply via the power contacts. The motor current can be set from 1 to 5 A. The EP7041 stepper motor module allows the connection of stepper motors up to 50 V DC and 5 A.

Solutions for high precision and dynamics

As a downside to stepper motors there is always a risk of "steps being lost" in an overloaded condition. When combined with an incremental encoder, however, they can also be used where higher precision is required. The encoder evaluation required for this is already integrated in the EL7041 and KL2541 50 V DC output stages. With the integrated incremental encoder connection, the EP7041 enables the implementation of a simple servo axis in a compact IP 67 module.

However, the typical stepper motor disadvantages remain: their less dynamic behaviour, low efficiency and limited speed. Beckhoff also has a solution to this, however, in form of an EtherCAT Terminal: together with the AM8100 servomotors, the EL7201 servomotor EtherCAT Terminal is probably the world's smallest servo multi-axis system.

Motion | AM8100 servomotors

Full-value servo axes can be implemented using the EL7201 and EL7211 EtherCAT Terminals in combination with AM8100 servomotors. The servo system delivers bestpossible performance with respect to dynam-

ics, accuracy, energy efficiency and robustness. The small motors from the AM811x series with an edge size of only 40 mm fit in the tiniest installation spaces. Nominal torgues of up to 0.52 Nm can be achieved in the power range from 80 to 170 Watts with these small power packs. An integrated 18-bit absolute encoder with electronic identification plate simplifies commissioning and meets the highest requirements for precision. The absolute encoder is also available as a multiturn absolute encoder, which detects the absolute position of the drive during switch-on. Thus, reference trips (homing function) and additional limit switches are not required, saving costs and time. Thanks to the innovative One Cable Technology (OCT) wiring costs are drastically reduced, since no separate feedback cable is required and only six cores have to be connected at the most.

I/O | Servomotor terminals

The EL7201, EL7211, EL7201-0010 and EL7211-0010 servomotor terminals are fully functional Servo Drives for the direct control of servomotors. They offer terminal points for connection of a servomotor as well as motor brake and resolver. On the software side, solutions based on TwinCAT NC PTP are recommended even for moderate requirements to enable the synchronisation between axes. While the EL7201 and EL7211 support a resolver as feedback system, the EL7201-0010 and EL7211-0010 offer the option to use an absolute feedback system (OCT).

Product overview

	DC motor					Stepper moto	or				
	IP 20				IP 67	IP 20				IP 67	
	Bus Terminals		EtherCAT Terminals		EtherCAT Box	Bus Terminals		EtherCAT Terminals		EtherCAT Box	
0/1	KL2532	24	EL7332	22			16	EL7031	12	EP/ER7041-3002	15
_	1A		1 A		3.5 A	1.5 A		1.5 A		5 A	
	KL2552	24		22			16		12		
	5 A					5A		5 A			
les						ZK4000-6700-2x	κx		20	ZK4000-6261-xxxx	21
Cables						Motor cable			_	Motor cable	
						ZK4000-5100-2xX Encoder cable	κx		20	ZK4000-5151-xxxx Encoder cable	21
Š						AS10xx			18		18
Motors						0.385.0 Nm, 15 A					
										· No.	
its						AG1000-+PM52.	i		21	AG1000-+PM81.i	21
un .						at AS1030/AS1050				at AS1060	
Gear units						2					



EtherCAT Terminal | Servomotor terminals

Servomotors demonstrate their advantages in highly dynamic and precise positioning applications:

- very high positioning accuracy in applications where maximum precision is required through integrated position feedback
- high efficiency and high acceleration capacity
- Servomotors are overload-proof and therefore have far greater dynamics than stepper motors, for example.
- The high torque is load-independent up to the upper speed ranges.
- The use of servomotors reduces maintenance to a minimum.

These advantages increase the performance and efficiency of an application: the high dynamics with fast start-stop changes and the precise positioning capability thanks to the integrated positional feedback enable the coordination of several servomotors with one another for the synchronisation of several axes.

The EL72x1 and EL72x1-0010 servomotor terminals are a fully functional servo drive in a standard HD (High Density) terminal housing with a width of 12 mm or 24 mm for the direct driving of servomotors. They offer terminal points for a servomotor as well as for a motor brake and a feedback system. The fast control technology, based on field-oriented current and PI speed control, supports highly dynamic and frequently changing positioning tasks. The monitoring of important load criteria such as overvoltage and undervoltage, overcurrent, terminal temperature and motor load, which are derived from the calculation of an I²T model, guarantees the user maximum operational reliability.

While the EL72x1 supports a resolver as feedback system, the EL72x1-0010 offers the user the option to use an absolute feedback system. With the One Cable Technology (OCT) the encoder cable is omitted by transmitting the encoder signal digitally via the existing motor cable. The EL7211 and EL2711-00010 are characterised by their increased performance of 4.5 ARMS.

Since the EL72x1 and the EL72x1-0010 servomotor terminals are completely integrated into the EtherCAT Terminal network, it is not necessary to wire up the controller; the space requirement is significantly reduced. The E-bus connection provides the user with all well-known EtherCAT features: in particular short cycle times, low jitter and simple diagnostics. EtherCAT offers precisely the performance that imposes no limits on the dynamics of a servomotor. Modern power semiconductors guarantee minimum power losses and also enable energy recovery in the intermediate circuit in braking mode. For highly dynamic applications and for supplying several servomotors from one power supply unit, the additional use of the EL9576 brake chopper terminal is recommended. It protects from the effects of overvoltage, in that it absorbs some of the energy. If the voltage exceeds the capacity of the terminal, it gets rid of the excess energy via an external resistance.

The EL72x1 and EL72x1-0010 are tested and pre-configured for the synchronous servo motors from the AM31xx and AM81xx series. In conjunction with the AM31xx and AM81xx they enable very dynamic, precise and compact applications.

AM81xx | Servomotors with OCT see page 8

AM31xx | Servomotors see page 8

EL9576 | Brake chopper terminal see page 27



EL7201 | Servomotor terminal: Motor cables and further cables see page 10



EL7201-0010 | Servomotor terminal with OCT: Reduced commissioning costs due to ommission of the encoder cable



The shielding connection system enables the shielding to be located very close to the terminals of the shielded line.

	Servomotor terminal 50 V DC, 2.8 A _{RMS}	Servomotor terminal 50 V DC, 4.5 A _{RMS}	Servomotor terminal with OCT, 50 V DC, 2.8 ARMS	Servomotor terminal with OCT, 50 V DC, 4.5 ARMS		
Technical data	EL7201	EL7211	EL7201-0010	EL7211-0010		
Connection method	direct motor connection					
Load type	permanent-magnet synchrono	us motors				
Number of channels	1 servomotor, resolver, motor l	brake	1 servomotor, absolute feedba	ck, motor brake, 2 digital input		
		$\begin{array}{c} O_{3} \\ Excitation + \\ Excitation - \\ Sin + \\ Sin - \\ Cos + \\ O_{3} \\ O_{4} \\ O_{4} \\ O_{4} \\ O_{4} \\ O_{5} \\ O_{6} \\ O$		Q _g Feedback + Feedback + Peedback − Peedback − Peedback − Freedback − Freedback − Peedback − Freedback − Freedback − Peedback − Freedback − Peedback − Peedback − Freedback − Peedback − Peedback − Freedback − Peedback − Freedback − Peedback − Peed		
Nominal voltage	850 V DC		850 V DC			
Current consum. pow. cont.	typ. 50 mA + holding current r	notor brake	typ. 50 mA + holding current motor brake			
Current consumption E-bus	typ. 120 mA		120 mA			
Current controller	double PWM clock frequency		double PWM clock frequency			
frequency						
Output current IN	2.8 A (rms)/4 A (peak value)	4.5 A (rms)/6.3 A (peak value)		4.5 A (rms)/6.3 A (peak valu		
Peak current IN	5.7 A (rms)/	9.0 A (rms)/	5.7 A (rms)/	9.0 A (rms)/		
	8 A (peak value) for 1 s	12.6 A (peak value) for 1 s	8 A (peak value) for 1 s	12.6 A (peak value) for 1 s		
Frequency range	0599 Hz		0599 Hz			
PWM clock frequency	16 kHz		16 kHz			
Rated speed	16 kHz		16 kHz			
controller frequency Output voltage motor brake	24 V DC (+6 %/-10 %)		24 V DC (+6 %/-10 %)			
Output current motor brake	max. 0.5 A		max. 0.5 A			
Special features	compact (only 12 mm wide), system-integrated	compact and system-integrated	compact (only 12 mm wide), system-integrated, absolute feedback, One Cable Technol- oqy (OCT), plug-and-play	compact and system-inte- grated, absolute feedback, One Cable Technology (OCT plug-and-play		
	approx. 60 g	approx. 95 g	approx. 60 g	approx. 95 g		
Weight			0+55 °C			
	0+55 °C		UTJJ C			
Weight Operating temperature Approvals	0+55 °C CE		CE			



AM8100, AM3100 | Synchronous Servomotors

AM8100

The AM8100 servomotors from the AM8000 series are especially designed for operation with the EL7201 and EL7211 servo terminals. The high dynamics of the servomotors open up a multitude of possible applications: for example in industrial robots for pick-and-place applications, or in general in mechanical engineering, where a compact design and high positioning accuracy are necessary. Like all motors of the AM8xxx family they are available in One Cable Technology (OCT) versions where power and feedback are combined in a single cable.

Homing is no longer necessary thanks to the absolute value encoder integrated in the motor: the position of the drive is saved in the EEPROM, which is ideal for adjustable axes. The encoder data are transmitted entirely digitally to the EL7201-0010 or EL7211-0010 servo terminal via the motor cable. The encoder cable can be dispensed with. The full integration of the servo terminal in the Beckhoff control system facilitates the commissioning of the drive axis. All motors of the AM8xxx family use the electronic type plate, with which the engineering expenditure is additionally reduced

by the simple reading of the motor parameters. The Beckhoff TwinCAT automation software enables the convenient parameterisation of the servomotors.

The AM81xx motors can optionally be equipped with a backlash-free permanent magnet holding brake, a sealing ring or a feather key groove. They are equipped with a sturdy rotary resolver encoder and for the purpose of long life have been developed with generously dimensioned bearings for general mechanical engineering. Matching gears and prefabricated connecting cables complete the ultra-compact drive axis.

AM3100

The AM3100 series of polewound servomotors with maximum torque yield covers three types with rated outputs of 50 W (rated voltage 24 V DC) as well as 100 W and 140 W (rated voltage 48 V DC).

In the standard version, the AM3100 servomotors are equipped with a resolver and a smooth shaft. They can be optionally equipped with a holding brake, even in the smallest size.

Technical data	AM81xx	AM31xx
Motor type	permanent magnet-excited three-phase synchronous motor	
Magnet material	neodymium-iron-boron	
Insulation class	thermal class F (155 °C)	
Design form	flange-mounted according to IM B5, IM V1, IM V3	
Protection class	IP 54, IP 65 (shaft seal only for AM812x, AM813x)	IP 54
Cooling	convection, permissible ambient temperature 40 °C	
Coating/surface	dark grey powder coating, similar to RAL7016	matt black coating RAL 9005
Connection method	round plug connector, swivelling, angled	straight connectors at 30 cm cable ends
Life span	$L_{10h} = 30,000$ hrs for ball bearings	L10h = 20,000 hrs for ball bearings
Approvals	CE, UL	CE
Feedback system	resolver. OCT	resolver

AM8100 | Servomotors 0.20 - 0.52 Nm (standstill torque), OCT

Data for 50 V DC	AM8111-wFyz	AM8112-wFyz	AM8113-wFyz
Standstill torque	0.20 Nm	0.38 Nm	0.52 Nm
Rated torque	0.19 Nm	0.36 Nm	0.50 Nm
Rated speed	4000 min ⁻¹	4500 min ⁻¹	3000 min ⁻¹
Rated power	0.08 kW	0.17 kW	0.16 kW
Standstill current	2.85 A	4.7 A	4.8 A
Rotor moment of inertia	0.029 kgcm ²	0.048 kgcm ²	0.067 kgcm ²
Rotor moment of inertia (with brake)	0.052 kgcm ²	0.071 kgcm ²	0.090 kgcm ²
EtherCAT Terminal	EL7201-0010	EL7211-0010	EL7211-0010

AM8100 | Servomotors 0.5 – 1.25 Nm (standstill torque), OCT

Data for 50 V DC	AM8121-wFyz	AM8122-wFyz	AM8131-wFyz
Standstill torque	0.5 Nm	0.8 Nm	1.35 Nm
Rated torque	0.5 Nm	0.8 Nm	1.35 Nm
Rated speed	3000 min ⁻¹	2000 min ⁻¹	1000 min ⁻¹
Rated power	0.16 KW	0.17 KW	0.14 KW
Standstill current	4.0 A	4.0 A	5.0 A
Rotor moment of inertia	0.134 kgcm ²	0.253 kgcm ²	0.462 kgcm ²
Rotor moment of inertia (with brake)	0.156 kgcm ²	0.276 kgcm ²	0.541 kgcm ²
EtherCAT Terminal	EL7211-0010	EL7211-0010	EL7211-0010

www.beckhoff.com/AM81xx

AM3100 | Servomotors 0.21 – 0.69 Nm (standstill torque)

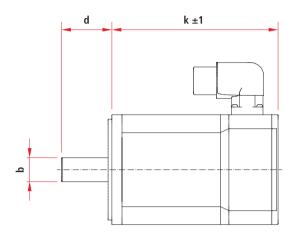
Data for 50 V DC	AM3111-w30z	AM3112-w40z	AM3121-w20z
Standstill torque	0.21 Nm	0.34 Nm	0.69 Nm
Rated torque	0.16 Nm	0.28 Nm	0.65 Nm
Rated speed	3000 min ⁻¹	3500 min ⁻¹	2000 min ⁻¹
Rated power	0.05 kW	0.10 kW	0.14 kW
Standstill current	3.22 A	3.40 A	4.60 A
Rotor moment of inertia	0.026 kgcm ²	0.046 kgcm ²	0.150 kgcm ²
Rotor moment of inertia (with brake)	0.034 kgcm ²	0.054 kgcm ²	0.200 kgcm ²
EtherCAT Terminal	EL7201-0000	EL7211-0000	EL7211-0000

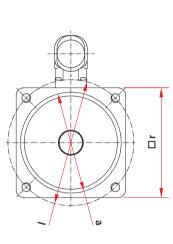
▶ www.beckhoff.com/AM31xx

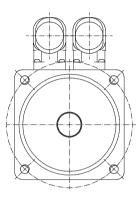
Order reference	AM81uv-wxyz	AM31uv-wxyz-000a
u	flange code	
v	motor length	
w = 0	smooth shaft	
w = 1	shaft with groove and feather key according to	
	DIN 6885	
w = 2	shaft with IP 65 sealing ring and smooth shaft	-
	(only for AM812x, AM813x)	
w = 3	shaft with IP 65 sealing ring and shaft with groove	-
	and feather key (only for AM812x, AM813x)	
х	winding code F	key number for rated speed in RPM x 1000,
		not available for selection
y = 0	resolver (only for AM812x, AM813x)	resolver
y = 1	One Cable Technology for power and feedback:	-
	feedback transmission via motor cable, no feedback	
	cable necessary, electronic identification plate,	
	single-turn, absolute position within one revolution,	
	18 bit resolution	

The order reference is continued on the next page.

Order reference	AM81uv-wxyz	AM31uv-wxyz-000a
y = 2	One Cable Technology for power and feedback: feedback	-
	transmission via motor cable, no feedback cable necessary,	
	electronic identification plate, multi-turn, absolute position	
	within 4096 revolution, 18 bit resolution	
z = 0	without holding brake	
z = 1	with holding brake	
a = 1	-	cable 0.3 m, with iTec plug for power,
		M12 plug for feedback







One Cable Technology

Resolver version

Dimensions	а	b	d	I	r	k (without brake)	k (with brake)
AM8111	30 h7	8 h7	25 mm	46 mm	40 mm	97 mm	129 mm
AM8112	30 h7	8 h7	25 mm	46 mm	40 mm	117 mm	149 mm
AM8113	30 h7	8 h7	25 mm	46 mm	40 mm	137 mm	169 mm
AM8121	40 j6	9 k6	20 mm	63 mm	58 mm	111.5 mm	146 mm
AM8122	40 j6	9 k6	20 mm	63 mm	58 mm	133.5 mm	168 mm
AM8131	60 j6	14 k6	30 mm	75 mm	72 mm	128.7 mm	168.2 mm
AM3111	30 j6	8 k6	25 mm	46 mm	40 mm	91 mm	122 mm
AM3112	30 j6	8 k6	25 mm	46 mm	40 mm	109 mm	140 mm
AM3121	50 j6	11 k6	23 mm	70 mm	60 mm	111 mm	148 mm

Accessories for AM8100 and AM3100 servomotors

Cables for servomotor terminal

Ordering information	Cables for servomotor terminal EL7201-0010/EL7211-0010 (OCT) and EL7201-0000/EL7211-0000
	(resolver feedback)
ZK4704-0421-2xxx	motor cable for OCT, drag-chain usable cable, (4 x 0.75 mm ² + (2 x 0.34 mm ²) + (2 x AWG22)), shielded ⁽¹⁾
ZK4704-0411-2xxx	motor cable for resolver feedback, drag-chain usable cable, (4 x 0.75 mm ² + (2 x 0.5 mm ²)), shielded (2)
ZK4724-0410-2xxx	resolver cable, drag-chain usable cable, (3 x 2 x 0.25 mm ²), shielded ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Max. cable length 20 m

 $^{(2)}$ Available in lengths of 1 m, 3 m, 5 m, 10 m and 20 m (xxx = length in decimetres, e.g. -2010 = 1 m)

Technical data for drag-chain use see > www.beckhoff.com/compact-drive-technology



AG2250 | Planetary gear series for AM8100 servomotors

The AG2250 planetary gears are especially matched to the compact drive technology motor series. They have been expanded by a two-stage version. For better design, planetary and angled planetary gears are available with the following transmission ratios: 12, 16, 20, 25, 32, 40 and 64. The AG2250 series completes the range of small, affordable drive technology products. The gears are especially suited to applications where no particularly low torsional backlash is required.

Features

- low torsional backlash
- high output torques
- high efficiency
- single-stage planetary gear/ angled planetary gear, transmission ratios 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10
- two-stage planetary gear/ angled planetary gear,

transmission ratios 12, 16, 20, 25, 32, 40, 64

- flexible installation position
- lifetime lubrication
 - suitable for motors of the AM801x (230 V AC) and AM8100/AM3100 (48 V DC) series

Planetary gears

AG2250-+PLEaa-M0s-i-wx1-	Gear ratio	Rated torque	Torsional	Typ. combination with		
Motorsize			backlash	AM80xx	AM81xx	AM31xx
AG2250-+PLE40-M01-i-wx1	3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10	515 Nm	> 15 arcmin	AM801x	AM811x	AM311x
AG2250-+PLE40-M02-i-wx1	12, 16, 20, 25, 32, 40, 64	7.520 Nm	> 19 arcmin	AM801x	AM811x	AM311x
AG2250-+PLE60-M01-i-wx1	3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10	1540 Nm	> 10 arcmin	-	AM812x/AM813x	AM312x
AG2250-+PLE60-M02-i-wx1	12, 16, 20, 25, 32, 40, 64	1844 Nm	> 12 arcmin	-	AM812x/AM813x	AM312x

Angled planetary gears

AG2250-+WPLEaa-M0s-i-wx1-	Gear ratio	Rated torque	Torsional	Typ. combin	tion with	
Motorsize			backlash	AM80xx	AM81xx	AM31xx
AG2250-+WPLE40-M01-i-wx1	3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10	4.58,5 Nm	> 21 arcmin	AM801x	AM811x	AM311x
AG2250-+WPLE40-M02-i-wx1	12, 16, 20, 25, 32, 40, 64	7.520 Nm	> 25 arcmin	AM801x	AM811x	AM311x
AG2250-+WPLE60-M01-i-wx1	3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10	1425 Nm	> 16 arcmin	-	AM812x/AM813x	AM312x
AG2250-+WPLE60-M02-i-wx1	12, 16, 20, 25, 32, 40, 64	1844 Nm	> 18 arcmin	-	AM812x/AM813x	AM312x

AG2250++ = compact drive technology gear series

PLEaa / WPLEaa = series/size (PLE40; PLE60; WPLE40; WPLE60)

M0s-i = gear ratio, M01-i = single-stage with i = 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, MF2-i = two-stage with i = 12, 16, 20, 25, 32, 40, 64

w = shaft form (w = 0: smooth shaft; w = 1: shaft with groove and feather key)

x = identifying letter for clamping hub diameter (not available for selection, is selected automatically based on the respective motor)

Motorsize = AM801x/AM811x/AM812x/AM813x/AM311x/AM312x

www.beckhoff.com/AG2250

EtherCAT Terminal | Stepper motor terminals

Stepper motors are often used in positioning drives. They allow, by the combination of single steps, a positioning process without feedback of the rotor positions. This "open control chain" mode of operation and the longevity of a stepper motor are particularly interesting for price-sensitive fields of application.

In contrast with a DC motor the control of a stepper motor is carried out by the different energisation of the individual motor windings following a defined pattern of pulses. The electromagnetic field of the stator is switched intermittently so that the shaft turns through the step angle α . The motor follows the impulse pattern of the control unit, until the coupled momentum exceeds its holding momentum or the impulse demand is too dynamic, which leads to standstill of the motor. The EL7031 and EL7041 EtherCAT stepper motor terminals, which are suitable for highly dynamic movement, solve this problem also in areas of higher speeds of rotation.

The EL7031 and EL7041 stepper motor terminals are designed for direct connection of medium capacity stepper motors. A high frequency clocked PWM output stage regulates the currents through the motor coils.

The stepper motor terminals are synchronised with the motor by parameterising. Unipolar as well as bipolar stepper motors can be driven. Additional inputs support functions like homing and final position monitoring. 64-fold micro stepping ensures particularly quiet and precise motor operation even with standard technology. Together with a stepper motor, the stepper motor terminals represent an inexpensive small servo axis. The EL7041 also includes an incremental encoder interface to read position data.

The stepper motor terminals can be controlled like a servo drive by a speed interface from a Motion Control software such as TwinCAT for example. In applications with a less complex and less powerful CPU the control is also possible via a position interface (travel distance control). The stepper motor terminals move the motor themselves to a desired position. Ramp steepness and maximum speed can be entered as parameters.

Irregular operation at certain speed ranges with standard technology, particularly without coupled load, indicates that the stepper motor is being run at its resonance frequency. Under certain circumstances the motor may even stop. Resonances in the lower frequency range essentially result from the mechanical motor parameters. Apart from their impact on smooth running, such resonances can lead to significant loss of torque, or even loss of step of the motor, and are therefore particularly undesirable. The EL7041-1000 special version with fieldoriented control is particularly well suited for such low-mass and therefore resonancecritical applications.

The EL7031 stepper motor terminal is designed exclusively for 24 V supply voltage. The motor current can reach up to 1.5 A. The EL7041 covers a supply voltage range from 8 V DC to 50 V DC and also needs a 24 V supply from the power contacts. The motor current can be set from 1 to 5 A. The EL7041-1000 special version is compatible to the KL2541.

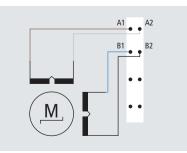
The peak current may briefly significantly exceed the rated current and in this way makes the whole drive system very dynamic. In such dynamic applications, negative acceleration causes the feedback of energy, which leads to voltage peaks at the power supply unit. An EL9576 brake chopper terminal protects from the effects of overvoltage, in that it absorbs some of the energy. If the voltage exceeds the capacity of the terminal, it gets rid of the excess energy via an external resistance.

AS10xx | Stepper motors see page 18

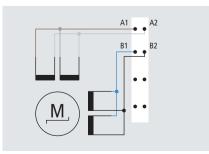
EL9576 | Brake chopper terminal see page 27

A1 A2 B1 B1 B2 M

Connection of a unipolar stepper motor



Connection of a bipolar AS10xx stepper motor, serial



Connection of a bipolar AS10xx stepper motor, parallel

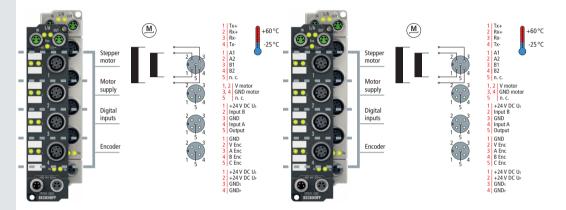
	Stepper motor terminal 24 V DC, 1.5 A	Stepper motor terminal 50 V DC, 5 A, with incremental encoder			
Technical data	EL7031 ES7031	EL7041 ES7041			
Technology	direct motor connection				
Load type	uni- or bipolar stepper motors				
Max. output current	1.5 A (overload- and short-circuit-proof)	5 A (overload- and short-circuit-proof)			
Number of channels	1 stepper motor, 2 digital inputs	1 stepper motor, encoder input, 2 digital inputs			
Nominal voltage	24 V DC (-15 %/+20 %)	850 V DC			
Current consumption	typ. 30 mA + motor current	typ. 50 mA			
power contacts					
Current consumption E-bus	typ. 120 mA	typ. 140 mA			
Distributed clocks	yes	yes			
Maximum step frequency	1,000, 2,000, 4,000 or 8,000 full steps/s (configurable)	1,000, 2,000, 4,000 or 8,000 full steps/s (configurable)			
Step pattern	64-fold micro stepping 64-fold micro stepping				
Current controller	approx. 25 kHz	approx. 30 kHz			
frequency					
Control resolution	approx. 5,000 positions in typ. applicationsapprox. 5,000 positions in typ. applications(per revolution)(per revolution)				
Encoder signal	-	524 V DC, 5 mA, single-ended			
Pulse frequency	-	max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)			
Special features	travel distance control	travel distance control, encoder input			
Special features Weight	travel distance control approx. 50 g	travel distance control, encoder input approx. 90 g			
•		· ·			
Weight	approx. 50 g	approx. 90 g			
Weight Operating temperature	approx. 50 g 0+55 °C	approx. 90 g 0+55 °C			
Weight Operating temperature Approvals	approx. 50 g 0+55 °C CE	approx. 90 g 0+55 °C CE			

Number of inputs

EtherCAT Box | Stepper motor modules

2 digital inputs, encoder system (24 V DC encoder)

Stepper motor module, 50 V DC, 5 A, with incremental encoder, 2 digital inputs, 1 digital output		Stepper motor module, 50 V DC, 1.5 A, with incremental encoder, 2 digital inputs, 1 digital output		
Industrial housing	EP7041-0002	EP7041-1002		
Zinc die-cast housing	<u>i</u> ER7041-0002	<u>i</u> ER7041-1002		
Connection method	screw type M12	screw type M12		
Load type	uni- or bipolar stepper motors	uni- or bipolar stepper motors		
Number of outputs	1 stepper motor, 1 digital 24 V DC output	1 stepper motor, 1 digital 24 V DC output		

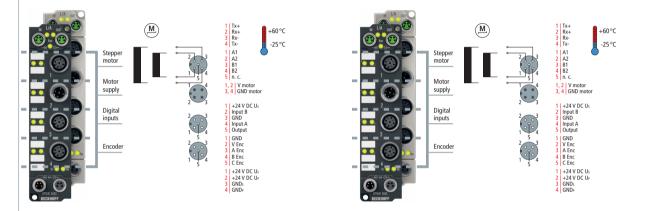


2 digital inputs, encoder system (24 V DC encoder)

The EP7041-0002/ER7041-0002 and EP7041-1002/ER7041-1002 EtherCAT Box modules are intended for the direct connection of different stepper motors. The PWM output stages for two motor coils with compact design are located in the module together with two inputs for limit switches and cover a wide voltage and current range. The EP7041/ER7041 can be adjusted to the motor and the application by changing just a few parameters. 64-fold micro-stepping ensures particularly quiet and precise motor operation. Connection of an incremental encoder enables a simple servo axis to be realised. Two digital inputs and a digital 0.5 A output enable connection of end switches and a motor brake.

Nominal voltage	850 V DC	850 V DC		
Distributed clocks	yes	yes		
Protocol	EtherCAT	EtherCAT		
Output current	2 x 3.5 A, 2 x 5 A peak current	2 x 1 A, 2 x 1.5 A peak current		
	(overload- and short-circuit-proof)	(overload- and short-circuit-proof)		
Maximum step frequency	1,000, 2,000, 4,000 or 8,000 full steps/s (configurable)	1,000, 2,000, 4,000 or 8,000 full steps/s (configurable)		
Step pattern	64-fold micro stepping	64-fold micro stepping		
Current controller frequ.	approx. 30 kHz	approx. 30 kHz		
Resolution	approx. 5,000 positions (per revolution,	approx. 5,000 positions (per revolution)		
	depending on motor and encoder type)			
Encoder signal	524 V, 5 mA, single-ended	524 V, 5 mA, single-ended		
Pulse frequency	max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)	max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)		
Current consumption	120 mA	120 mA		
from Us				
Special features	travel distance control, encoder input	travel distance control, encoder input		
Operating temperature	-25+60 °C	-25+60 °C		
Approvals	CE, Ex	CE, Ex		
Further information	www.beckhoff.com/EP7041-0002	www.beckhoff.com/EP7041-1002		
	www.beckhoff.com/ER7041-0002	www.beckhoff.com/ER7041-1002		

Stepper motor module, 50 V DC, 5 A, with incremental encoder, 2 digital inputs, 1 digital output, motor connection via plug	Stepper motor module, 50 V DC, 5 A, with incremental encoder, 2 digital inputs, 1 digital output, motor connection via plug, for high-speed applications
EP7041-2002	EP7041-3002
<u>i</u> ER7041-2002	<u>i</u> ER7041-3002
screw type M12	screw type M12
uni- or bipolar stepper motors	uni- or bipolar stepper motors
1 stepper motor, 1 digital 24 V DC output	1 stepper motor, 1 digital 24 V DC output
2 digital inputs, encoder system (24 V DC encoder)	2 digital inputs, encoder system (24 V DC encoder)



The EP7041-2002/ER7041-2002 and EP7041-3002/ER7041-3002 EtherCAT Box modules are intended for the direct connection of different stepper motors. The PWM output stages for two motor coils with compact design are located in the module together with two inputs for limit switches and cover a wide voltage and current range. The EP7041/ER7041 can be adjusted to the motor and the application by changing just a few parameters. 64-fold micro-stepping ensures particularly quiet and precise motor operation. Connection of an incremental encoder enables a simple servo axis to be realised. Two digital inputs and a digital 0.5 A output enable connection of end switches and a motor brake. The external motor is fed via an integrated plug.

850 V DC850 V DCyesyesEtherCATEtherCAT2 x 3.5 A, 2 x 5 A peak current (overload- and short-circuit-proof)2 x 3.5 A, 2 x 5 A peak current (overload- and short-circuit-proof)1,000, 2,000, 4,000 or 8,000 full steps/s (configurable)1,000, 2,000, 4,000 or 8,000 full steps/s (configurable)64-fold micro stepping approx. 30 kHz256-fold micro stepping approx. 5,000 positions (per revolution, depending on motor and encoder type)524 V, 5 mA, single-ended524 V, 5 mA, single-endedmax. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)120 mA120 mA					
EtherCATEtherCAT2 x 3.5 A, 2 x 5 A peak current (overload- and short-circuit-proof)2 x 3.5 A, 2 x 5 A peak current (overload- and short-circuit-proof)1,000, 2,000, 4,000 or 8,000 full steps/s (configurable)1,000, 2,000, 4,000 or 8,000 full steps/s (configurable)64-fold micro stepping256-fold micro steppingapprox. 30 kHzdynamicapprox. 5,000 positions (per revolution, depending on motor and encoder type)approx. 5,000 positions (per revolution, depending on motor and encoder type)524 V, 5 mA, single-ended524 V, 5 mA, single-endedmax. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)	850 V DC	850 V DC			
2 x 3.5 A, 2 x 5 A peak current (overload- and short-circuit-proof)2 x 3.5 A, 2 x 5 A peak current (overload- and short-circuit-proof)1,000, 2,000, 4,000 or 8,000 full steps/s (configurable)1,000, 2,000, 4,000 or 8,000 full steps/s (configurable)64-fold micro stepping256-fold micro steppingapprox. 30 kHzdynamicapprox. 5,000 positions (per revolution, depending on motor and encoder type)approx. 5,000 positions (per revolution, depending on motor and encoder type)524 V, 5 mA, single-ended524 V, 5 mA, single-endedmax. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)	yes	yes			
(overload- and short-circuit-proof)(overload- and short-circuit-proof)1,000, 2,000, 4,000 or 8,000 full steps/s (configurable)1,000, 2,000, 4,000 or 8,000 full steps/s (configurable)64-fold micro stepping256-fold micro steppingapprox. 30 kHzdynamicapprox. 5,000 positions (per revolution, depending on motor and encoder type)approx. 5,000 positions (per revolution, depending on motor and encoder type)524 V, 5 mA, single-ended524 V, 5 mA, single-endedmax. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)	EtherCAT	EtherCAT			
1,000, 2,000, 4,000 or 8,000 full steps/s (configurable)1,000, 2,000, 4,000 or 8,000 full steps/s (configurable)64-fold micro stepping256-fold micro steppingapprox. 30 kHzdynamicapprox. 5,000 positions (per revolution, depending on motor and encoder type)approx. 5,000 positions (per revolution, depending on motor and encoder type)524 V, 5 mA, single-ended524 V, 5 mA, single-endedmax. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)	2 x 3.5 A, 2 x 5 A peak current	2 x 3.5 A, 2 x 5 A peak current			
64-fold micro stepping 256-fold micro stepping approx. 30 kHz dynamic approx. 5,000 positions (per revolution, depending on motor and encoder type) approx. 5,000 positions (per revolution, depending on motor and encoder type) 524 V, 5 mA, single-ended 524 V, 5 mA, single-ended max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation) max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)	(overload- and short-circuit-proof)	(overload- and short-circuit-proof)			
approx. 30 kHz dynamic approx. 30 kHz dynamic approx. 5,000 positions (per revolution, depending on motor and encoder type) approx. 5,000 positions (per revolution, depending on motor and encoder type) 524 V, 5 mA, single-ended 524 V, 5 mA, single-ended max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation) max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)	1,000, 2,000, 4,000 or 8,000 full steps/s (configurable)	1,000, 2,000, 4,000 or 8,000 full steps/s (configurable)			
approx. 5,000 positions (per revolution, depending on motor and encoder type) approx. 5,000 positions (per revolution, depending on motor and encoder type) 524 V, 5 mA, single-ended 524 V, 5 mA, single-ended max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation) max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)	64-fold micro stepping	256-fold micro stepping			
depending on motor and encoder type) depending on motor and encoder type) 524 V, 5 mA, single-ended 524 V, 5 mA, single-ended max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation) max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)	approx. 30 kHz	dynamic			
524 V, 5 mA, single-ended 524 V, 5 mA, single-ended max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation) max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)	approx. 5,000 positions (per revolution,	approx. 5,000 positions (per revolution,			
max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation) max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)	depending on motor and encoder type)	depending on motor and encoder type)			
	524 V, 5 mA, single-ended	524 V, 5 mA, single-ended			
120 mA 120 mA	max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)	max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)			
	120 mA	120 mA			
travel distance control, encoder input, motor supply via plug for high-speed applications, travel distance control, encoder input,	travel distance control, encoder input, motor supply via plug	for high-speed applications, travel distance control, encoder input,			
load indication, motor supply via plug		load indication, motor supply via plug			
-25+60 °C -25+60 °C	-25+60 °C	-25+60 °C			
CE, Ex CE, Ex	CE, Ex	CE, Ex			
www.beckhoff.com/EP7041-2002 www.beckhoff.com/EP7041-3002	www.beckhoff.com/EP7041-2002	www.beckhoff.com/EP7041-3002			
www.beckhoff.com/ER7041-2002 www.beckhoff.com/ER7041-3002	www.beckhoff.com/ER7041-2002	www.beckhoff.com/ER7041-3002			

i For availability status see Beckhoff website at: www.beckhoff.com/ERxxxx

Bus Terminal | Stepper motor terminals

Stepper motors are often used in positioning drives. They allow, by the combination of single steps, a positioning process without feedback of the rotor positions. This "open control chain" mode of operation and the longevity of a stepper motor are particularly interesting for price-sensitive fields of application. However, safe positioning is only guaranteed within the performance limits.

In contrast with a DC motor the control of a stepper motor is carried out by the different energisation of the individual motor windings following a defined pattern of pulses. The electromagnetic field of the stator is switched intermittently so that the shaft turns through the step angle α . The motor follows the impulse pattern of the control unit, until the coupled momentum exceeds its holding momentum or the impulse demand is too dynamic, which leads to standstill of the motor. With the KL2531 and KL2541 stepper motor terminals, which are suitable for highly dynamic movement, this problem in areas of higher speeds of rotation can be solved.

The KL2531 and KL2541 stepper motor terminals are designed for direct connection of medium capacity stepper motors. A high frequency clocked PWM output stage regulates the currents through the motor coils. The stepper motor terminals are synchronised with the motor by parameterising. Unipolar as well as bipolar stepper motors can be driven. Additional inputs support functions like homing and final position monitoring. 64-fold micro stepping ensures particularly quiet and precise motor operation. Together with a stepper motor, the stepper motor terminals represent an inexpensive small servo axis. The KL2541 also includes an incremental encoder interface to read position data.

Both KL2531 and KL2541 stepper motor terminals can be controlled like a servo drive by a speed interface from a Motion Control software such as TwinCAT for example. In applications with a less complex and less powerful CPU the control is also possible via a position interface (travel distance control). The stepper motor terminals move the motor themselves to a desired position. Ramp steepness and maximum speed can be entered as parameters.

Irregular operation at certain speed ranges, particularly without coupled load, indicates that the stepper motor is being runat its resonance frequency. Under certain circumstances the motor may even stop. Resonances in the lower frequency range essentially result from the mechanical motor parameters. Apart from their impact on smooth running, such resonances can lead to significant loss of torque, or even loss of step of the motor, and are therefore particularly undesirable. Due to their sine/ cosine current profile, KL2531 and KL2541 stepper motor terminals are able to prevent this effect in almost all standard motors. The rotor is not moved from step to step, so it no longer jumps to the next position, but moves through 64 intermediate steps. So the rotor is carefully moved from one step to the next. The usual loss of torque at certain speeds is avoided and operation can be optimised for the particular application. This means that the lower speed range, where particularly high torque is available, can be fully utilised.

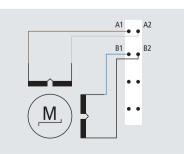
The KL2531 stepper motor terminal is designed exclusively for 24 V supply voltage. The motor current can reach up to 1.5 A. The KL2541 covers a supply voltage range from 8 V DC to 50 V DC and also needs a 24 V supply from the power contacts. The motor current can be set from 1 to 5 A.

The peak current may briefly significantly exceed the rated current and in this way makes the whole drive system very dynamic. In such dynamic applications, negative acceleration causes the feedback of energy, which leads to voltage peaks at the power supply unit. A KL9570 buffer capacitor terminal protects from the effects of overvoltage, in that it absorbs some of the energy. If the voltage exceeds the capacity of the terminal, it gets rid of the excess energy via an external resistance.

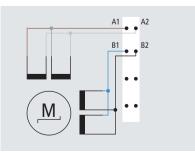
AS10xx | Stepper motors see page 18

A1 • A2 B1 • B2 M

Connection of a unipolar stepper motor



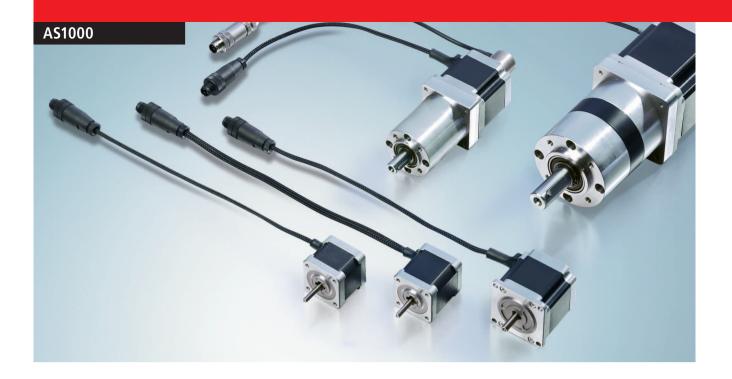
Connection of a bipolar AS10xx stepper motor, serial



Connection of a bipolar AS10xx stepper motor, parallel

	Stepper motor Stepper motor terminal 24 V DC, 1.5 A terminal 50 V DC, 5 A, with incremental encoder				
Technical data	KL2531 KS2531 KL2541 KS2541				
Connection technology	direct motor connection				
Load type	uni- or bipolar stepper motors				
Max. output current	1.5 A (overload- and short-circuit-proof)	5 A (overload- and short-circuit-proof)			
Number of outputs	1 stepper motor	1 stepper motor, encoder input			
Nominal voltage	24 V (-15 %/+20 %)	850 V DC			
Current consumption	only load	typ. 35 mA			
power contacts					
Current consumpt. K-bus	typ. 60 mA	typ. 100 mA			
Number of inputs	2	2 for limit position, 4 for an encoder system			
Maximum step frequency	125,000 steps/s	125,000 steps/s			
Step pattern	full step, half step, up to 64-fold micro stepping	full step, half step, up to 64-fold micro stepping			
Current controller	approx. 25 kHz	approx. 25 kHz			
frequency					
Resolution	approx. 5,000 positions in typ. applications (per revolution)	approx. 5,000 positions in typ. applications (per revolution)			
Encoder signal	-	524 V, 5 mA, single-ended			
Pulse frequency	-	max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)			
Special features	travel distance control travel distance control, encoder input				
Operating temperature	0+55 °C 0+55 °C				
Approvals	CE	CE			
Weight	approx. 50 g	approx. 100 g			
Further information	www.beckhoff.com/KL2531	www.beckhoff.com/KL2541			
Special terminals		KL2541-0006			
Distinguishing features		stepper motor terminal 50 V DC, 5 A,			
		5 V encoder supply			

BECKHOFF New Automation Technology



AS1000 | Stepper motors

Motion | AS1000 stepper motors

The AS1000 stepper motors with flange sizes from 42 to 86 mm (NEMA17, NEMA23, NEMA34) and torques from 0.4 to 5 Nm are ideally suited for use as auxiliary axes and positioning drives. They are characterised by robustness and high holding torques. Due to the integrated micro-stepping the motors can position very well even without a feedback system and require only a motion terminal for power electronics. Stepper motors can also be operated with TwinCAT NC PTP for synchronisation functions such as cam plates or flying saws.

I/O | Stepper motor terminals

For stepper motor terminals, I/O components with different performance features are available: Bus Terminal (KL2531, KL2541), EtherCAT Terminal (EL7031, EL7041) and EtherCAT Box (EP7041). The KL2531 and EL7031 stepper motor terminals are exclusively designed for 24 V DC power supplies. The motor current can reach up to 1.5 A. The KL2541 and EL7041 stepper motor terminals cover a supply voltage range from 8 to 50 V DC and additionally require a 24 V DC supply via the power contacts. The motor current can be set from 1 to 5 A. The EP7041 stepper motor module allows the connection of stepper motors up to 50 V DC and 5 A. EL7031, EL7041 | Stepper EtherCAT Terminals see page 12

KL2531, KL2541 | Stepper Bus Terminals see page 16

EP7041 | Stepper EtherCAT Box see page 15

EL957x | Buffer capacitor terminals see page 27

Technical data	AS10xx			
Motor type	stepper motor			
Rated supply voltage	2450 V DC			
Resolution	.8°/200 full steps			
Insulation system	ass B (130 °C)			
Design form	AS1010/AS1020: flange-mounted according IM B14, IM V1, IM V3			
	AS1030/AS1050/AS1060: flange-mounted according IM B5, IM V1, IM V3			
Protection class	IP 43, AS1060: IP 20			
Cooling	Free ventilation of the motors must be ensured.			
Connection method	direct cable outlet via cable gland with connected M12 coupling			
Life span	L _{10h} = 30,000 hrs for ball bearings			
Approvals	CE			

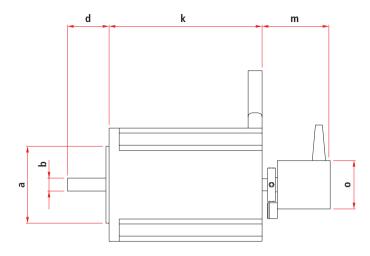
AS10xx | Rated current 1.0...1.5 A

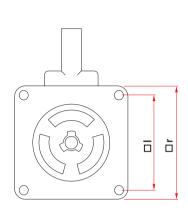
Data for 2450 V DC	AS1010-0000	AS1020-0xyz	AS1030-0000	
Flange size	42 mm (NEMA17)	42 mm (NEMA17)	56 mm (NEMA23)	
Rated current (per phase)	1.0 A	1.0 A	1.5 A	
Standstill torque	0.38 Nm	0.5 Nm	0.6 Nm	
Rotor moment of inertia	0.056 kgcm ²	0.074 kgcm ²	0.21 kgcm ²	
Bus Terminal	KL2531	KL2531/KL2541	KL2531	
EtherCAT Terminal	EL7031	EL7031/EL7041	EL7031	
EtherCAT Box	EP7041-1002	EP7041-1002	EP7041-1002	
Gear unit	-	-	AG1000-+PM52.i	

AS10xx | Rated current 5 A

Data for 2450 V DC	AS1050-0xyz	AS1060-wxyz
Flange size	56 mm (NEMA23)	86 mm (NEMA34)
Rated current (per phase)	5.0 A	5.0 A
Standstill torque	1.2 Nm	5.0 Nm
Rotor moment of inertia	0.36 kgcm ²	3.0 kgcm ²
Bus Terminal	KL2541	KL2541
EtherCAT Terminal	EL7041	EL7041
EtherCAT Box	EP7041-3002	EP7041-3002
Gear unit	AG1000-+PM52.i	AG1000-+PM81.i

Order reference	AS10u0-wxyz				
u	type				
w = 0	AS1010, AS1020: smooth shaft with 1 flat				
	AS1030, AS1050: smooth shaft				
	AS1060: smooth shaft with 2 flats				
w = 1	shaft with groove and feather key according to DIN 6885 (only available with AS1060)				
x = 0	standard motor without second shaft				
x = 1	second shaft (AS1020/AS1050/AS1060 only), necessary for $y = 1$ and $y = 2$				
y = 0	no incremental encoder				
y = 1	incremental encoder, 24 V DC, 200 lines (only available for AS1020, AS1050, AS1060), requires x = 1				
y = 2	incremental encoder, 24 V DC, 1024 lines (only available for AS1020, AS1050, AS1060), requires x = 1				





Dimensions	а	b	d	k	I	m	0	r
AS1010	22 mm	5 mm	24 mm	39 mm	31 mm	-	-	42 mm (NEMA17)
AS1020	22 mm	5 mm	24 mm	48 mm	31 mm	33 mm	24 mm	42 mm (NEMA17)
AS1030	38.1 mm	6.35 mm	20.6 mm	54 mm	47.14 mm	-	-	56 mm (NEMA23)
AS1050	38.1 mm	6.35 mm	20.6 mm	75.8 mm	47.14 mm	33 mm	24 mm	56 mm (NEMA23)
AS1060	73 mm	14 mm	30 mm	96.5 mm	69.6 mm	33 mm	24 mm	85.5 mm (NEMA34)

www.beckhoff.com/AS10xx

Accessories for AS1000 stepper motors

Cables for AS1000 at Bus Terminal/EtherCAT Terminal up to 5 A

Ordering information	Cables for stepper terminals EL7031, EL7041 and KL2531, KL2541	Pict.
ZK4000-5100-2xxx	encoder cable, drag-chain suitable, (5 x 0.25 mm ²), shielded, for EL7041 or KL2541	A
ZK4000-6200-2xxx	motor cable, drag-chain suitable, 4 x 0.5 mm ² , for EL7031/EL7041 or KL2531/KL2541	В
ZK4000-6700-2xxx	motor cable, drag-chain suitable, (4 x 0.5 mm ²), shielded, for EL7031/EL7041 or KL2531/KL2541	

Available in lengths of 1 m, 3 m, 5 m and 10 m (2xxx = length in decimetres, e.g. -2010 = 1 m) Technical data for drag-chain use see \blacktriangleright www.beckhoff.com/compact-drive-technology



Cables for AS1000 at EtherCAT Box up to 5 A

Ordering information	Cables for stepper EtherCAT Box EP7041	Pict.
ZK4000-5151-xxxx	encoder cable, drag-chain suitable, (4 x 0.35 mm ²), shielded, for EP7041	C
ZK4000-6261-xxxx	motor cable, drag-chain suitable, 4 x 0.5 mm ² , for EP7041	D

Available in lengths of 0.5 m, 1 m, and 2 m (xxxx = length in decimetres, e.g. -0005 = 0.5 m) Technical data for drag-chain use see **>** www.beckhoff.com/compact-drive-technology

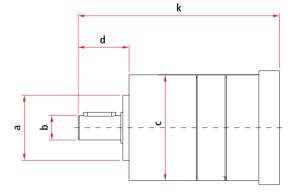


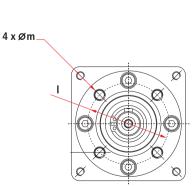
AG1000 | Planetary gear units for stepper motors

Technical data	AG1000-+PM52.4	AG1000-+PM52.7	AG1000-+PM81.4	AG1000-+PM81.7
Nominal output torque	4 Nm	4 Nm	20 Nm	20 Nm
Max. acceleration torque	6 Nm	6 Nm	30 Nm	30 Nm
Gear ratio	3.7 resp. 63/17	6.75 resp. 27/4	3.7 resp. 63/17	6.75 resp. 27/4
Max. torsional backlash	≤ 0.7 °	≤ 0.7 °	≤ 0.5 °	≤ 0.5 °
Max. radial load	200 N	200 N	400 N	400 N
Efficiency	approx. 80 %			
Type of gear	planetary gear			
Weight	0.7 kg	0.7 kg	1.8 kg	1.8 kg
Combination with AS10xx	AS1030, AS1050	AS1030, AS1050	AS1060	AS1060

The planetary gears are delivered as a unit with the assembled stepper motor.







Dimensions	а	b	С	d	k	I	m
AG1000-+PM52.i	32 mm	12 mm	52 mm	25 mm	99.8 mm	40 mm	M5 x 10
AG1000-+PM81.i	50 mm	19 mm	81 mm	49 mm	151.2 mm	65 mm	M6 x 12

EtherCAT Terminal | DC motor output stages

DC motors can replace the servomotors in many applications if they are operated with an intelligent controller. A DC motor can be integrated very simply into the control system using the EL7332 and EL7342 EtherCAT Terminals. All parameters are adjustable via the fieldbus. The small, compact design and DIN rail mounting make the EtherCAT DC motor output stages suitable for a wide range of applications. The output stages are protected against overload and short circuit and offer an integrated feedback system for incremental encoders on a case-by-case basis. Two DC motors can be controlled by one terminal.

Two areas of application are particularly well supported by the output stages:

- Simple controller for low demands on the cycle time at inexpensive processor power: by the use of the integrated travel distance control, the EL73x2 EtherCAT Terminal can perform positioning travels independently without the use of NC. Nothing further is required apart from a DC motor and a terminal.
- High-end positioning by means of integration in TwinCAT NC: in conjunction with the EtherCAT DC motor output stage, the DC motor is used with TwinCAT for the application without further changes – analogous to a servo-axis.

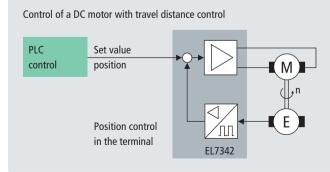
The control of a DC motor is simple to implement in comparison with other motors, since the speed of rotation is proportional to the voltage. It can be adjusted directly via the process data with the EL7332 and EL7342 EtherCAT Terminals. The integrated compensation of the internal resistance keeps the motor at the desired speed for load changes. Thus a simple drive task can be solved using a simple controller.

The EL7332 EtherCAT Terminal enables direct operation of two DC motors. It is electrically isolated from the E-bus. The speed is preset by a 16 bit value from the automation unit. The EtherCAT Terminal contains two channels whose signal state is indicated by LEDs. The LEDs enable quick local diagnosis.

For demanding positioning tasks a closed speed control loop with a feedback system is needed. Apart from the operation of two DC motors, the EL7342 EtherCAT Terminal enables the connection of an incremental encoder. The control loop can be closed either by the EtherCAT Terminal itself or by higherlevel controller (see illustration).

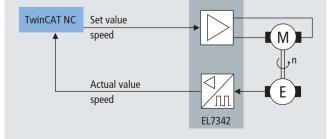
The peak current may briefly significantly exceed the rated current and in this way makes the whole drive system very dynamic. In such dynamic applications, negative acceleration causes the feedback of energy, which leads to voltage peaks at the power supply unit. The EL9576 brake chopper terminal protects from the effects of overvoltage, in that it absorbs some of the energy. If the voltage exceeds the capacity of the terminal, it gets rid of the excess energy via an external resistance.

EL9576 | Brake chopper terminal see page 27



Realisation possibilities for position control loops

Control of a DC motor with encoder feedback



	2-channel DC motor output stage 24 V DC, 1.5 A	2-channel DC motor output stage 50 V DC, 3.5 A
Technical data	EL7332 ES7332	EL7342 ES7342
Technology	direct motor connection	
Load type	DC brush motors, inductive	
Max. output current	2 x 1 A	2 x 3.5 A
Number of channels	2 DC motors, 2 digital inputs	2 DC motors, 2 digital inputs, encoder input
Nominal voltage	24 V DC (-15 %/+20 %)	850 V DC
Nominal voltage Current consumption	24 V DC (-15 %/+20 %) typ. 40 mA + motor current	850 V DC typ. 70 mA
Current consumption		
Current consumption power contacts Current consumption	typ. 40 mA + motor current	typ. 70 mA
Current consumption power contacts Current consumption E-bus	typ. 40 mA + motor current typ. 140 mA	typ. 70 mA typ. 140 mA
Current consumption power contacts Current consumption E-bus Distributed clocks	typ. 40 mA + motor current typ. 140 mA yes	typ. 70 mA typ. 140 mA yes
Current consumption power contacts Current consumption E-bus Distributed clocks PWM clock frequency	typ. 40 mA + motor current typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each	typ. 70 mA typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each
Current consumption power contacts Current consumption E-bus Distributed clocks PWM clock frequency Duty factor	typ. 40 mA + motor current typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each 0100 % (voltage-controlled)	typ. 70 mA typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each 0100 % (voltage-controlled)
Current consumption power contacts Current consumption E-bus Distributed clocks PWM clock frequency Duty factor Control resolution	typ. 40 mA + motor current typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each 0100 % (voltage-controlled) max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed	typ. 70 mA typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each 0100 % (voltage-controlled) max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed
Current consumption power contacts Current consumption E-bus Distributed clocks PWM clock frequency Duty factor Control resolution Encoder signal	typ. 40 mA + motor current typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each 0100 % (voltage-controlled) max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed -	typ. 70 mA typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each 0100 % (voltage-controlled) max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed 524 V, 5 mA, single-ended
Current consumption power contacts Current consumption E-bus Distributed clocks PWM clock frequency Duty factor Control resolution Encoder signal Pulse frequency	typ. 40 mA + motor current typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each 0100 % (voltage-controlled) max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed - -	typ. 70 mA typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each 0100 % (voltage-controlled) max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed 524 V, 5 mA, single-ended max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)
Current consumption power contacts Current consumption E-bus Distributed clocks PWM clock frequency Duty factor Control resolution Encoder signal Pulse frequency Current consumption	typ. 40 mA + motor current typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each 0100 % (voltage-controlled) max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed - -	typ. 70 mA typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each 0100 % (voltage-controlled) max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed 524 V, 5 mA, single-ended max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)
Current consumption power contacts Current consumption E-bus Distributed clocks PWM clock frequency Duty factor Control resolution Encoder signal Pulse frequency Current consumption sensor supply	typ. 40 mA + motor current typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each 0100 % (voltage-controlled) max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed - - -	typ. 70 mA typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each 0100 % (voltage-controlled) max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed 524 V, 5 mA, single-ended max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation) typ. 20 mA
Current consumption power contacts Current consumption E-bus Distributed clocks PWM clock frequency Duty factor Control resolution Encoder signal Pulse frequency Current consumption sensor supply Special features	typ. 40 mA + motor current typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each 0100 % (voltage-controlled) max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed - - - travel distance control	typ. 70 mA typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each 0100 % (voltage-controlled) max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed 524 V, 5 mA, single-ended max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation) typ. 20 mA travel distance control, encoder input
Current consumption power contacts Current consumption E-bus Distributed clocks PWM clock frequency Duty factor Control resolution Encoder signal Pulse frequency Current consumption sensor supply Special features Operating temperature	typ. 40 mA + motor current typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each 0100 % (voltage-controlled) max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed - - - - - - - 0+55 °C	typ. 70 mA typ. 140 mA yes 32 kHz with 180° phase shift each 0100 % (voltage-controlled) max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed 524 V, 5 mA, single-ended max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation) typ. 20 mA travel distance control, encoder input 0+55 °C

Bus Terminal | DC motor output stages

DC motors can replace the servomotors in many applications if they are operated with an intelligent controller. A DC motor can be integrated very simply into the control system using the KS2532 and KL2552 Bus Terminals. All parameters are adjustable via the fieldbus. The small, compact design and DIN rail mounting make the DC motor output stages suitable for a wide range of applications. The output stages are protected against overload and short circuit and offer an integrated feedback system for incremental encoders on a case-by-case basis.

Through integration into TwinCAT NC, the DC motor can be used in combination with the DC motor output stage – like a servo-axis – for the application without any modifications.

Compared to other motors a DC motor is easier to adjust. The speed of rotation is proportional to the voltage. With the KS2532 Bus Terminal the rotation speed can easily be set through the process data. The integrated compensation of the internal resistance keeps the motor at the desired speed for load changes. A simple drive task can be performed by a simple controller.

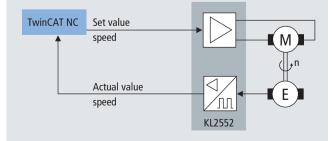
For demanding positioning tasks a closed speed control loop with a feedback system is needed. The KL2552 allows connection of an incremental encoder. The control loop can be closed by the higher-level controller.

The peak current may briefly significantly exceed the rated current and in this way makes the whole drive system very dynamic. In such dynamic applications, negative acceleration causes the feedback of energy, which leads to voltage peaks at the power supply unit. A KL9570 buffer capacitor terminal protects from the effects of overvoltage, in that it absorbs some of the energy. If the voltage exceeds a threshold, the terminal dissipates the excess energy via an external resistance.

The KL2284 output terminal is sufficient for applications with start/stop or right/ left running functions without controllers. It switches loads in selectable polarity. This means that DC motors can be used in both directions of rotation. A polarity is switched with two output bits per channel. An interlock prevents simultaneous switching of both directions. Advanced power semiconductors enable safe and wear-free switching with minimum dimensions. The high starting and short-circuit currents of the KL2284 are comparable with a robust relay. The number of switching cycles is almost unlimited.

KL9570 | Buffer capacitor terminal see page 28

Control of a DC motor with encoder feedback



Realising demanding positioning tasks by closed speed control loop

	2-channel DC motor output stage, 24 V DC, 1 A	2-channel DC motor output stage, 50 V DC, 5 A	4-channel digital output terminal, 24 V DC, 2-wire
Technical data	KL2532 KS2532	KL2552 KS2552	KL2284 KS2284
Connection technology	direct motor connection		2-wire
Load type	DC brush motors, inductive		AC/DC loads
Max. output current	2 x 1 A (short-circuit-proof, thermal over- load-proof for both channels together)	2 x 5 A (short-circuit-proof, thermal over- load-proof for both channels together)	2 A
Number of outputs	2 DC motors	2 DC motors, encoder input	4 x H-bridge circuit
Nominal voltage	24 V DC (-15 %/+20 %)	850 V DC	024 V AC/DC
Current consumption	typ. 30 mA + load	typ. 50 mA	only load
power contacts	- /		-
Current consumpt. K-bus	typ. 50 mA	typ. 100 mA	100 mA
Current limitation/	controlled, adjustable	controlled, adjustable	90 A
short circuit current			
Peak current	-	-	5 A (100 ms), < 50 A (10 ms)
On-resistance	-	_	typ. 0.03 Ω
PWM clock frequency	30 kHz with 180° phase shift each	30 kHz with 180° phase shift each	-
Duty factor	0100 % (voltage-controlled)	0100 % (voltage-controlled)	-
Resolution	max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed	max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed	-
Encoder signal		524 V, 5 mA, single-ended	-
-	-		
Pulse frequency	-	max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)	-
-		max. 400,000 increments/s	– typ. 235 ms, max. 300 ms
Pulse frequency	-	max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation)	– typ. 235 ms, max. 300 ms typ. 30 ms, max. 50 ms
Pulse frequency Switching on speed	-	max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation) –	
Pulse frequency Switching on speed Switching off speed	- -	max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation) – –	typ. 30 ms, max. 50 ms
Pulse frequency Switching on speed Switching off speed Operating temperature	- - 0+55 °C	max. 400,000 increments/s (with 4-fold evaluation) - - 0+55 °C	typ. 30 ms, max. 50 ms 0+55 °C

EtherCAT Box | DC motor output stage

DC motors can replace the considerably more expensive servomotors in many applications if they are operated with an intelligent controller. A DC motor can be integrated very simply into the control system using the EP7342/ER7342 EtherCAT Box. All parameters are adjustable via the fieldbus. The small, compact design and the possibility to fit the modules directly to machines makes the EtherCAT DC motor output stage suitable for a wide range of applications. The output stage is protected against overload and short circuit and offers an integrated feedback system for incremental encoders. Two DC motors can be controlled by one module.

	50 V DC, 5.5 A		
Industrial housing	EP7342-0002		
Zinc die-cast housing	<u>i</u> ER7342-0002		
Connection method	screw type M12		
Load type	DC brush motors, inductive		
Number of outputs	2		
	Image: state in the state in		
Nominal voltage	850 V DC		
Distributed clocks	yes		
Protocol	EtherCAT		
Output current	max. 2 x 3.5 A (short-circuit-proof, common thermal		
	overload warning for both output stages) per channel		
PWM clock frequency	32 kHz with 180° phase shift each		
Duty factor	0100 % (voltage-controlled)		
Resolution	max. 10 bits current, 16 bits speed		
Current consumption from	120 mA		
Us (without sensor current)			
Special features	travel distance control, encoder input		
Operating temperature	-25+60 °C		
Approvals	CE, Ex		
Further information	www.beckhoff.com/EP7342		
	www.beckhoff.com/ER7342		

2-channel DC motor output stage,

50 V DC, 3.5 A



i For availability status see Beckhoff website at: www.beckhoff.com/ER7342

EtherCAT Terminal | Brake chopper terminals

The EtherCAT Terminals of the EL957x series contain high-performance capacitors for stabilising supply voltages. They can be used in connection with the drive terminals of the EL7xxx series, e.g. the EL70x1 stepper motor terminals, the EL73x2 DC motor terminals or the EL72x1 servomotor terminals.

Low internal resistance and high pulsed current capability enable good buffering in parallel with a power supply unit. Return currents are stored, particularly in the context of drive applications, thereby preventing overvoltages. If the fed back energy exceeds the capacity of the capacitors, the EL957x switches the load voltage through to the terminal points 1 and 5. The energy is dissipated by the connection of an external ballast resistor.

The EL9576 is characterised in particular by adjustable threshold values and various diagnostic possibilities and is thus recommended for new projects.

	Buffer capacitor terminal, 50 V, 500 µF	Brake chopper terminal, 72 V, 155 µF
Technical data	EL9570 ES9570	EL9576 ES9576
Technology	buffer capacitor	brake chopper
Diagnostics	-	temperature on board, over-/undervoltage
	The EL9570 buffers the connected voltage via its integrated capacitors and connects the external brake resistor if the internal voltage of approx. 56 V is exceeded.	The EL9576 buffers the connected voltage via its integrated capacitors and connects the external brake resistor if the preset threshold of the internal voltage is exceeded.
Nominal voltage	50 V	arbitrary up to 72 V
Capacity	500 µF	155 µF
Ripple current (max.)	10 A @ 100 kHz	10 A
Internal resistance	< 20 mΩ @ 100 kHz	$< 5 \text{ m}\Omega$
Chopper voltage	> 56 V	adjustable
Recommended	see documentation	10 Ω, typ. 100 W
ballast resistor		(dependent on application)
Overvoltage	±2 V	typ. 1 V, parametrisable
control range		by CoE data
Ballast resistor		by CoE data
	load-dependent,	load-dependent, max. 1 ms,
clock rate	2-point control	load-dependent, max. 1 ms, 2-point control
clock rate Electrical isolation		load-dependent, max. 1 ms,
	2-point control	load-dependent, max. 1 ms, 2-point control
Electrical isolation	2-point control 1,500 V (terminal/E-bus) for new projects:	load-dependent, max. 1 ms, 2-point control 1,500 V (terminal/E-bus)
Electrical isolation Special features	2-point control 1,500 V (terminal/E-bus) for new projects: please use EL9576	load-dependent, max. 1 ms, 2-point control 1,500 V (terminal/E-bus) adjustabel threshold
Electrical isolation Special features Operating temperature	2-point control 1,500 V (terminal/E-bus) for new projects: please use EL9576 0+55 °C	load-dependent, max. 1 ms, 2-point control 1,500 V (terminal/E-bus) adjustabel threshold 0+55 °C

Bus Terminal | Buffer capacitor terminal

The KL9570 Bus Terminal contains highperformance capacitors for stabilising supply voltages. It can be used in connection with small drive terminals. Low internal resistance and high pulsed current capability enable good buffering in parallel with a power supply unit. Return currents are stored, particularly in the context of drive applications, thereby preventing overvoltages. If the fed back energy exceeds the capacity of the capacitors, the KL9570 switches the load voltage through to the terminal points 1 and 5. The energy is dissipated by the connection of an external ballast resistor.

Technical data	KL9570 KS9570
Technology	buffer capacitor terminal
Diagnostics	-
	The KL9570 buffers the connected voltage via its integrated capacitors and connects the external brake resistor if the internal voltage of approx. 56 V is exceeded.
Nominal voltage	50 V
Capacity Pipple current (max.)	500 μF
Ripple current (max.) Internal resistance	10 A @ 100 kHz
	< 20 mΩ @ 100 kHz
Surge voltage protection Recommended	> 56 V see documentation
ballast resistor	
	+2 V
Overvoltage	±2 V
control range Ballast resistor	load-dependent, 2-point control
clock rate	וטמע-עבףפוועפווג, ב-ףטווג נטווגוטו
Electrical isolation	1,500 V (terminal/K-bus)
Operating temperature	0+55 °C
Approvals	CE, Ex
Weight	
Further information	approx. 65 g www.beckhoff.com/KL9570
	www.bctkil0li.c0ll/KL5570

Buffer capacitor terminal

Drive Technology for the medium and high-performance range up to 118 kW



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Beckhoff Drive Technology

This flyer provides an overview over the compact Drive Technology. The complete product range up to 118 KW can be found on the Internet:

www.beckhoff.com/DriveTechnology



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